Understanding the Origin of Electrostriction Property in Electroactive Polymers

Lei Zhu, Professon tc2 -1 >> BDC t /2p ERApostrictive polymers wi sensing, actuation, and energy-harvesting. To understand the origin observed in electroactive polymers, we chose to study a variety of including poly(vinylidene-co-fluoride) [P(VDF-TrFE)] random c TrFE-co-chlorotrifluoroethylene) [P(VDF-TrFE-CTFE)] random tenylons (e.g., nylon-12 and nylon-6), poly(ether-amide) multiblock conthermoplastic polyurethanes (TPUs). It is observed that uniaxiallyl based polymers exhibit positive longitudinal strain upon electroactus stretched polyamide-based polymers exhibit negative longitudinal observations, the large electrostriction in electroactive polymenanoactuation of the crystalline phases. In P(VDF-TrFE)-based porealized by the twisted-to-all trans conformation transformation. In ponanoactuation is realized by the trans-to-twisted conformation understanding will help us design new electroactive polymers for practical applications.

Biographic Sketch

Professor Lei Zhu received his B.S. degree in Marand M.S. degree in Polymer Chemistry and Physum University. He received his Ph.D. degree in University of Akron in 2000. After two-year post-Maurice Morton Institute, University of Akron, he judice and Department of Chemical, Mate Engineering at University of Connecticut, as an assis he was promoted to associate professor with tenurons.

Department of Macromolecular Science and Engineering at Case We as an Associate Professor. In 2013, he was promoted to full Professor include high polymer and organic-inorganic hybrid nanomaterial capacitor applications, development of artificial antibody a supramolecular self-assembly of discotic liquid crystals. He is recip 3M Non-tenured Faculty Award, DuPont Young Professor Awar Excellence Award. He is author and co-author of 182 refereed journ chapters. He delivered over 160 invited talks and 45 contributed p citation is ~9000 times with an *h*-index of 53 (Google Scholar).

